

## 16-Mbit (2M x 8) Static RAM

### Features

- Very high speed: 45 ns
- Wide voltage range: 2.20V – 3.60V
- Ultra low standby power
  - Typical standby current: 1.5  $\mu$ A
  - Maximum standby current: 12  $\mu$ A
- Ultra low active power
  - Typical active current: 2.2 mA @ f = 1 MHz
- Easy memory expansion with  $\overline{CE}_1$ ,  $CE_2$  and  $\overline{OE}$  features
- Automatic power down when deselected
- CMOS for optimum speed/power
- Offered in Pb-free 48-ball FBGA package. For Pb-free 48-pin TSOP I package, refer to CY62167EV30 data sheet.

### Functional Description<sup>[1]</sup>

The CY62168EV30 is a high performance CMOS static RAM organized as 2M words by 8 bits. This device features advanced circuit design to provide an ultra low active current. This is ideal for providing More Battery Life™ (MoBL<sup>®</sup>) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device also has an automatic power down feature that significantly reduces power consumption by 90% when addresses are not

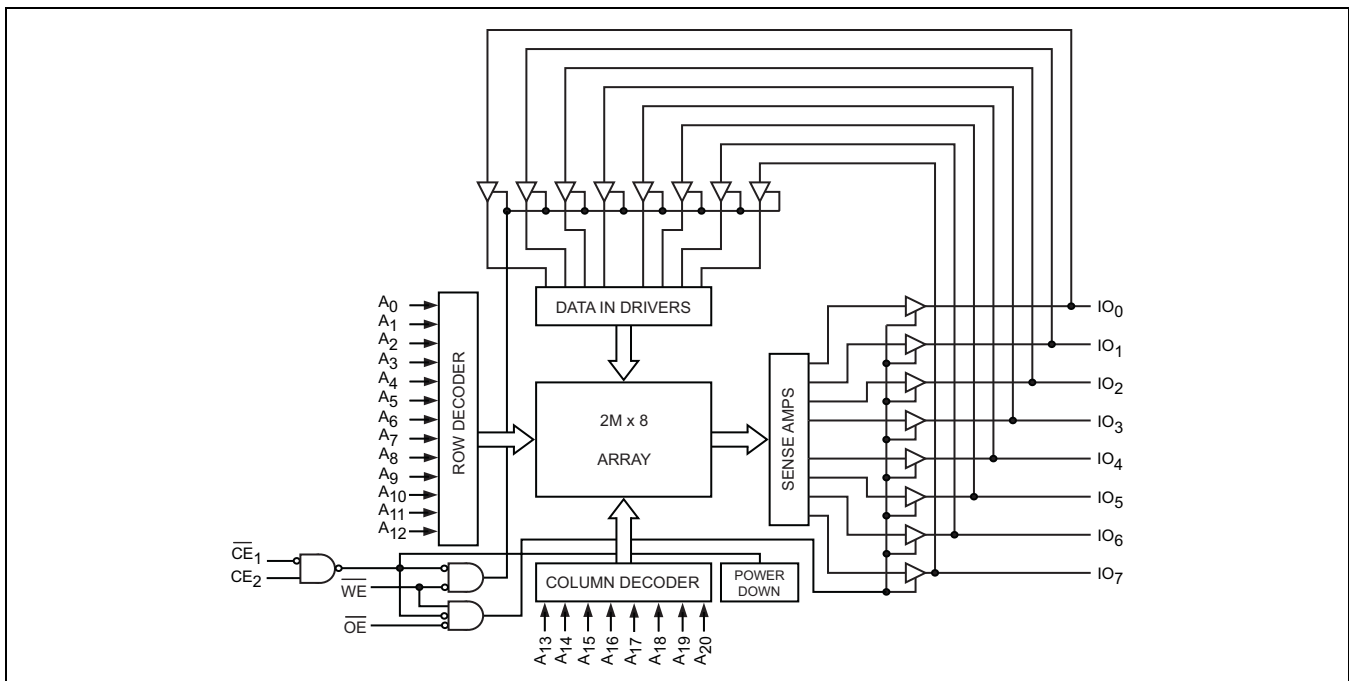
toggling. Placing the device into standby mode reduces power consumption by more than 99% when deselected (Chip Enable 1 ( $\overline{CE}_1$ ) HIGH or Chip Enable 2 ( $CE_2$ ) LOW). The input and output pins ( $IO_0$  through  $IO_7$ ) are placed in a high impedance state when: the device is deselected (Chip Enable 1 ( $\overline{CE}_1$ ) HIGH or Chip Enable 2 ( $CE_2$ ) LOW), outputs are disabled ( $\overline{OE}$  HIGH), or a write operation is in progress (Chip Enable 1 ( $\overline{CE}_1$ ) LOW and Chip Enable 2 ( $CE_2$ ) HIGH and  $\overline{WE}$  LOW).

Write to the device by taking Chip Enable 1 ( $\overline{CE}_1$ ) LOW and Chip Enable 2 ( $CE_2$ ) HIGH and the Write Enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) input LOW. Data on the eight IO pins ( $IO_0$  through  $IO_7$ ) is then written into the location specified on the address pins ( $A_0$  through  $A_{20}$ ).

Read from the device by taking Chip Enable 1 ( $\overline{CE}_1$ ) and Output Enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) LOW and Chip Enable 2 ( $CE_2$ ) HIGH while forcing Write Enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) HIGH. Under these conditions, the contents of the memory location specified by the address pins will appear on the IO pins.

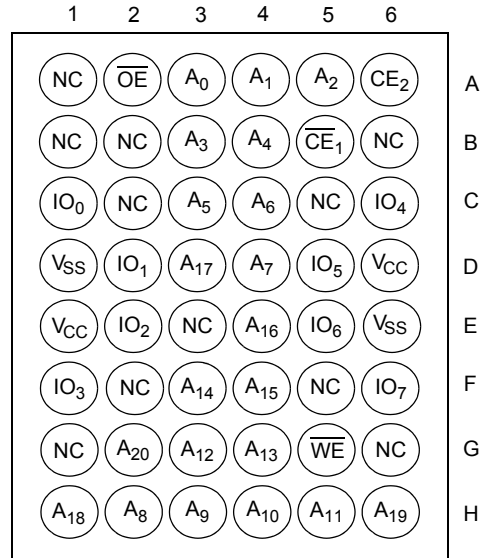
The eight input and output pins ( $IO_0$  through  $IO_7$ ) are placed in a high impedance state when the device is deselected ( $\overline{CE}_1$  LOW and  $CE_2$  HIGH), the outputs are disabled ( $\overline{OE}$  HIGH), or a write operation is in progress ( $\overline{CE}_1$  LOW and  $CE_2$  HIGH and  $\overline{WE}$  LOW). See the "Truth Table" on page 8 for a complete description of read and write modes.

### Logic Block Diagram



#### Note

1. For best practice recommendations, refer to the Cypress application note [AN1064, SRAM System Guidelines](#).

**Pin Configuration** <sup>[2]</sup>
**48-Ball FBGA Top View**

**Product Portfolio**

Product	V <sub>CC</sub> Range (V)			Speed (ns)	Power Dissipation					
					Operating I <sub>CC</sub> (mA)				Standby I <sub>SB2</sub> (μA)	
	f = 1 MHz		f = f <sub>max</sub>							
	Min	Typ <sup>[3]</sup>	Max		Typ <sup>[3]</sup>	Max	Typ <sup>[3]</sup>	Max	Typ <sup>[3]</sup>	Max
CY62168EV30LL	2.2	3.0	3.6	45	2.2	4.0	25	30	1.5	12

**Notes**

2. NC pins are not connected on the die.

3. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub>(typ), T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

### Maximum Ratings

Exceeding the maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested.

Storage Temperature ..... -65°C to +150°C  
 Ambient Temperature with Power Applied ..... -55°C to +125°C  
 Supply Voltage to Ground Potential ..... -0.3V to  $V_{CC}(\text{max}) + 0.3\text{V}$   
 DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High-Z State<sup>[4, 5]</sup> ..... -0.3V to  $V_{CC}(\text{max}) + 0.3\text{V}$

DC Input Voltage<sup>[4, 5]</sup> ..... -0.3V to  $V_{CC}(\text{max}) + 0.3\text{V}$   
 Output Current into Outputs (LOW) ..... 20 mA  
 Static Discharge Voltage ..... > 2001V (MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)  
 Latch up Current ..... > 200 mA

### Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature ( $T_A$ ) <sup>[6]</sup>	$V_{CC}$ <sup>[7]</sup>
Industrial	-40°C to +85°C	2.2V – 3.6V

### DC Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	CY62168EV30-45			Unit
			Min	Typ <sup>[3]</sup>	Max	
$V_{OH}$	Output HIGH Voltage	$2.2 \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7$	$I_{OH} = -0.1 \text{ mA}$		2.0	V
		$2.7 \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6$	$I_{OH} = -1.0 \text{ mA}$		2.4	
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage	$2.2 \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7$	$I_{OL} = 0.1 \text{ mA}$		0.4	V
		$2.7 \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6$	$I_{OH} = 2.1 \text{ mA}$		0.4	
$V_{IH}$	Input HIGH Voltage	$2.2 \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7$	1.8		$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
		$2.7 \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6$	2.2		$V_{CC} + 0.3$	
$V_{IL}$	Input LOW Voltage	$2.2 \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7$	-0.3		0.6	V
		$2.7 \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6$	-0.3		0.8	
$I_{IX}$	Input Leakage Current	$GND \leq V_I \leq V_{CC}$	-1		+1	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OZ}$	Output Leakage Current	$GND \leq V_O \leq V_{CC}$ , Output disabled	-1		+1	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{CC}$	$V_{CC}$ Operating Supply Current	$f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{RC}$	$V_{CC} = 3.6\text{V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$ , CMOS level	25	30	mA
		$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		2.2	4.0	
$I_{SB1}$	Automatic CE Power Down Current — CMOS Inputs	$\overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{V}$ , $CE_2 \leq 0.2\text{V}$ , $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{V}$ , $V_{IN} \leq 0.2\text{V}$ , $f = f_{MAX}$ (Address and Data Only), $f = 0$ (OE, WE)		1.5	12	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{SB2}$ <sup>[8]</sup>	Automatic CE Power Down Current— CMOS Inputs	$\overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{V}$ , $CE_2 \leq 0.2\text{V}$ , $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{V}$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2\text{V}$ , $f = 0$ , $V_{CC} = 3.6\text{V}$		1.5	12	$\mu\text{A}$

### Capacitance<sup>[9]</sup>

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
$C_{IN}$	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_{CC} = V_{CC}(\text{typ})$	8	pF
$C_{OUT}$	Output Capacitance		10	pF

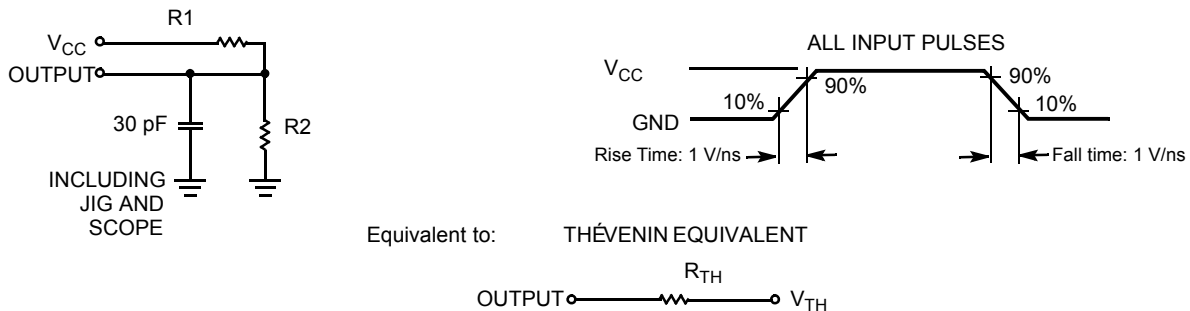
#### Notes

- $V_{IL}(\text{min}) = -0.2\text{V}$  for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
- $V_{IH}(\text{max}) = V_{CC} + 0.75\text{V}$  for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
- $T_A$  is the "Instant-On" case temperature.
- Full device AC operation assumes a 100  $\mu\text{s}$  ramp time from 0 to  $V_{CC}(\text{min})$  and 100  $\mu\text{s}$  wait time after  $V_{CC}$  stabilization.
- Only chip enables ( $\overline{CE}_1$  and  $CE_2$ ) must be at CMOS level to meet the  $I_{SB2} / I_{CCDR}$  spec. Other inputs can be left floating.
- Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

### Thermal Resistance<sup>[9]</sup>

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	BGA	Unit
$\Theta_{JA}$	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	Still Air, soldered on a 3 x 4.5 inch, two-layer printed circuit board	55	°C/W
$\Theta_{JC}$	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)		16	°C/W

### AC Test Loads and Waveforms



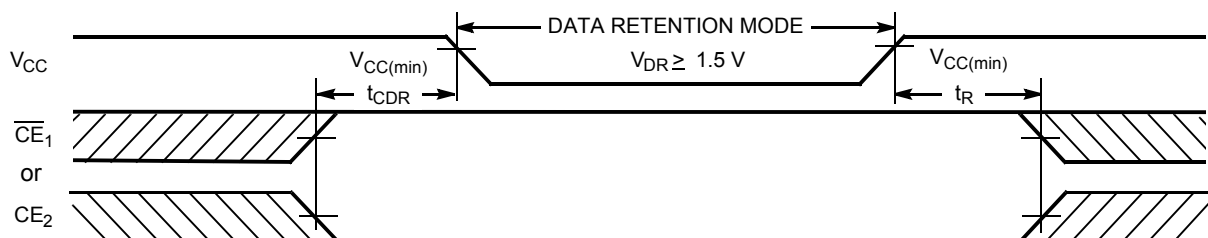
Parameters	2.5V (2.2V to 2.7V)	3.0V (2.7V to 3.6V)	Unit
R1	16600	1103	$\Omega$
R2	15400	1554	$\Omega$
$R_{TH}$	8000	645	$\Omega$
$V_{TH}$	1.2	1.75	V

### Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ <sup>[3]</sup>	Max	Unit
$V_{DR}$	$V_{CC}$ for Data Retention		1.5		3.6	V
$I_{CCDR}$ <sup>[8]</sup>	Data Retention Current	$V_{CC} = 1.5V$ $\overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $CE_2 \leq 0.2V$ $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2V$			10	$\mu A$
$t_{CDR}$ <sup>[9]</sup>	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time		0			ns
$t_R$ <sup>[10]</sup>	Operation Recovery Time		$t_{RC}$			ns

### Data Retention Waveform



**Note**

10. Full Device AC operation requires linear  $V_{CC}$  ramp from  $V_{DR}$  to  $V_{CC}(\min) \geq 100 \mu s$  or stable at  $V_{CC}(\min) \geq 100 \mu s$ .

## Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range <sup>[11]</sup>

Parameter	Description	45 ns		Unit
		Min	Max	
<b>Read Cycle</b>				
$t_{RC}$	Read Cycle Time	45		ns
$t_{AA}$	Address to Data Valid		45	ns
$t_{OHA}$	Data Hold from Address Change	10		ns
$t_{ACE}$	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH to Data Valid		45	ns
$t_{DOE}$	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to Data Valid		22	ns
$t_{LZOE}$	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to Low Z <sup>[12]</sup>	5		ns
$t_{HZOE}$	$\overline{OE}$ HIGH to High Z <sup>[12, 13]</sup>		18	ns
$t_{LZCE}$	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH to Low Z <sup>[12]</sup>	10		ns
$t_{HZCE}$	$\overline{CE}_1$ HIGH or $CE_2$ LOW to High Z <sup>[12, 13]</sup>		18	ns
$t_{PU}$	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH to Power Up	0		ns
$t_{PD}$	$\overline{CE}_1$ HIGH or $CE_2$ LOW to Power Down		45	ns
<b>Write Cycle<sup>[14]</sup></b>				
$t_{WC}$	Write Cycle Time	45		ns
$t_{SCE}$	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH to Write End	35		ns
$t_{AW}$	Address Setup to Write End	35		ns
$t_{HA}$	Address Hold from Write End	0		ns
$t_{SA}$	Address Setup to Write Start	0		ns
$t_{PWE}$	$\overline{WE}$ Pulse Width	35		ns
$t_{SD}$	Data Setup to Write End	25		ns
$t_{HD}$	Data Hold from Write End	0		ns
$t_{HZWE}$	$\overline{WE}$ LOW to High Z <sup>[12, 13]</sup>		18	ns
$t_{LZWE}$	$\overline{WE}$ HIGH to Low Z <sup>[12]</sup>	10		ns

### Notes

11. Test conditions for all parameters other than tri-state parameters assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less (1V/ns), timing reference levels of  $V_{CC}(\text{typ})/2$ , input pulse levels of 0 to  $V_{CC}(\text{typ})$ , and output loading of the specified  $I_{OL}/I_{OH}$  as shown in "AC Test Loads and Waveforms" on page 4.
12. At any given temperature and voltage condition,  $t_{HZCE}$  is less than  $t_{LZCE}$ ,  $t_{HZOE}$  is less than  $t_{LZOE}$ , and  $t_{HZWE}$  is less than  $t_{LZWE}$  for any given device.
13.  $t_{HZOE}$ ,  $t_{HZCE}$ , and  $t_{HZWE}$  transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high impedance state.
14. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE}$ ,  $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$ , and  $CE_2 = V_{IH}$ . All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

### Switching Waveforms

Figure 1 shows address transition controlled read cycle waveforms.<sup>[15, 16]</sup>

Figure 1. Read Cycle No. 1

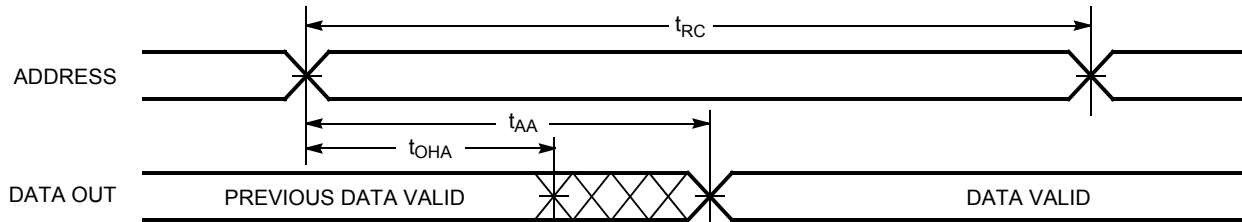
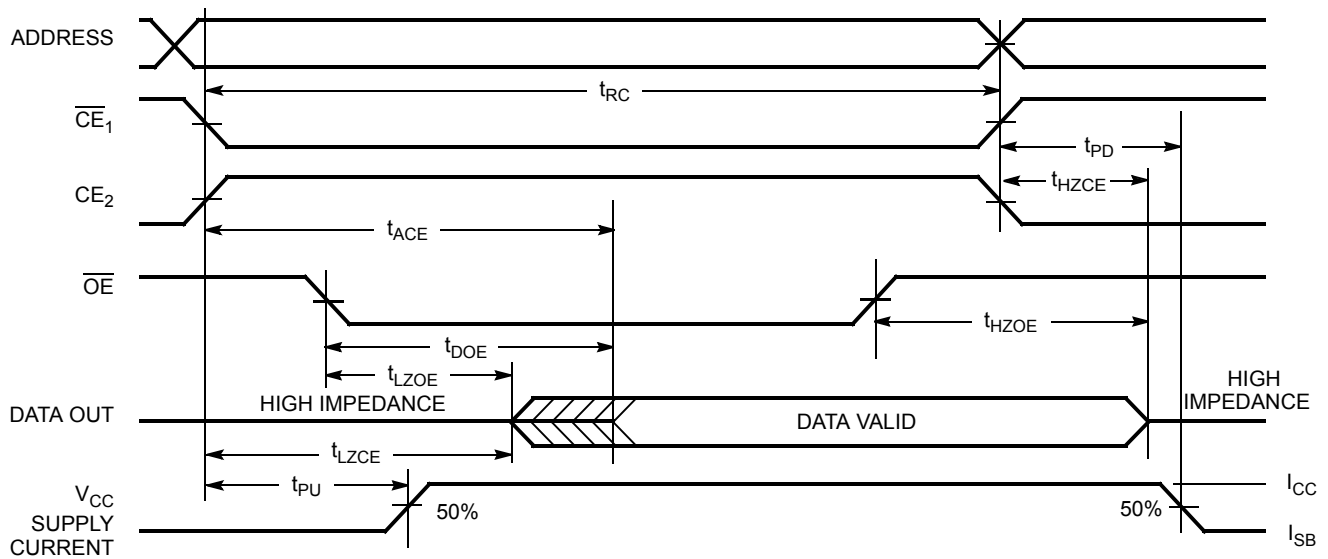


Figure 2 shows  $\overline{OE}$  controlled read cycle waveforms.<sup>[16, 17]</sup>

Figure 2. Read Cycle No. 2



**Notes**

- 15. The device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$ , and  $CE_2 = V_{IH}$ .
- 16.  $\overline{WE}$  is HIGH for read cycle.
- 17. Address valid before or similar to  $\overline{CE}_1$  transition LOW and  $CE_2$  transition HIGH.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 3 shows  $\overline{WE}$  controlled write cycle waveforms.<sup>[14, 18, 19]</sup>

Figure 3. Write Cycle No. 1

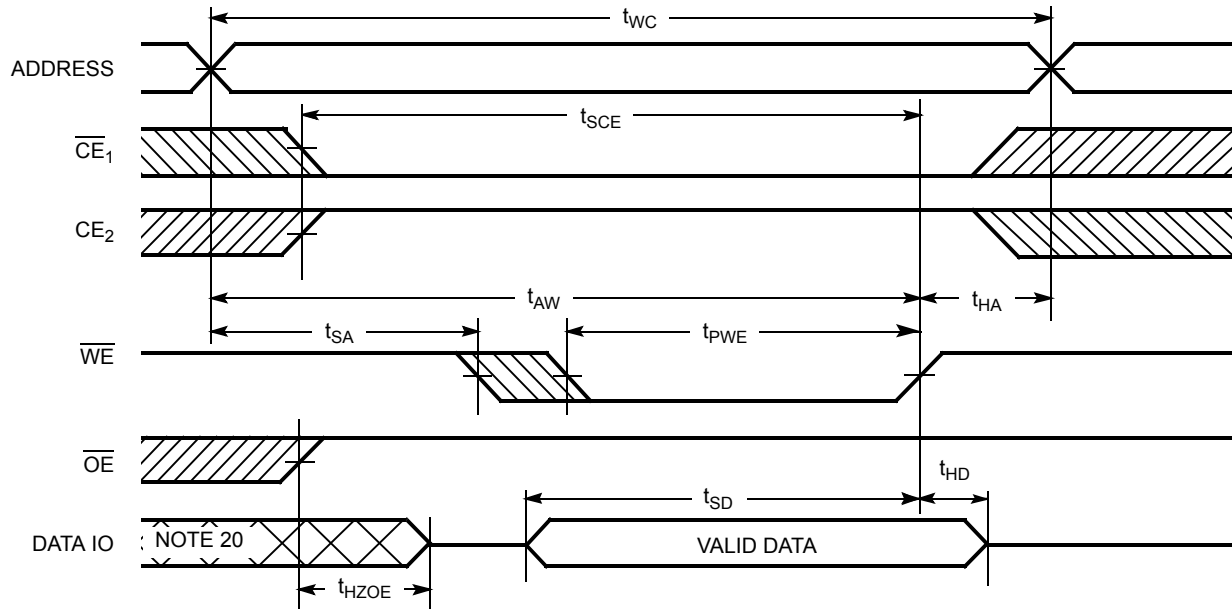
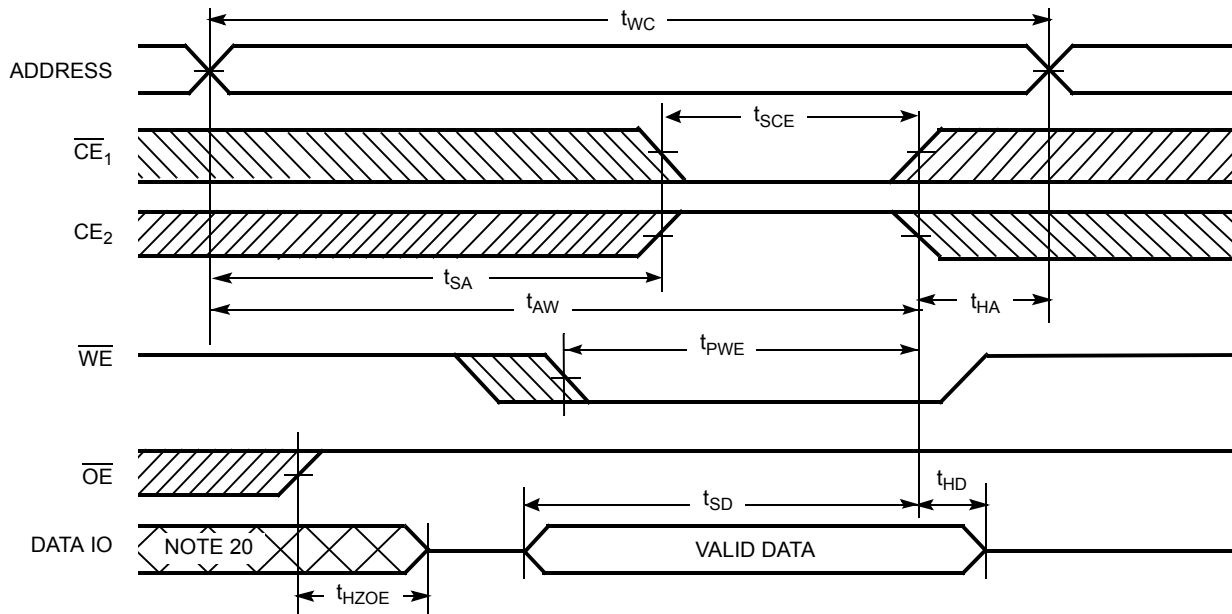


Figure 4 shows  $\overline{CE}_1$  or  $CE_2$  controlled write cycle waveforms.<sup>[14, 18, 19]</sup>

Figure 4. Write Cycle No. 2



Notes

18. Data IO is high impedance if  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ .

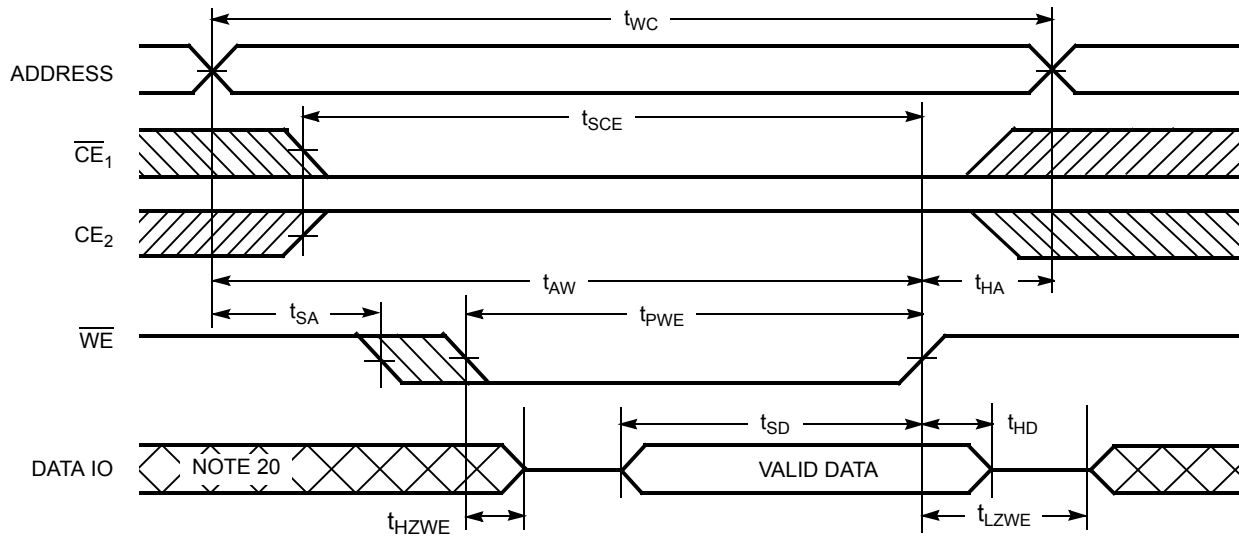
19. If  $\overline{CE}_1$  goes HIGH and  $CE_2$  goes LOW simultaneously with  $\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$ , the output remains in a high impedance state.

20. During this period the IOs are in output state. Do not apply input signals.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 5 shows  $\overline{WE}$  controlled,  $\overline{OE}$  LOW write cycle waveforms.<sup>[19]</sup>

Figure 5. Write Cycle No. 3



Truth Table

$\overline{CE}_1$	$CE_2$	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{OE}$	Inputs/Outputs	Mode	Power
H	X	X	X	High Z	Deselect/Power Down	Standby ( $I_{SB}$ )
X	L	X	X	High Z	Deselect/Power Down	Standby ( $I_{SB}$ )
L	H	H	L	Data Out ( $IO_0$ - $IO_7$ )	Read	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	H	H	High Z	Output Disabled	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	L	X	Data in ( $IO_0$ - $IO_7$ )	Write	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )

Ordering Information

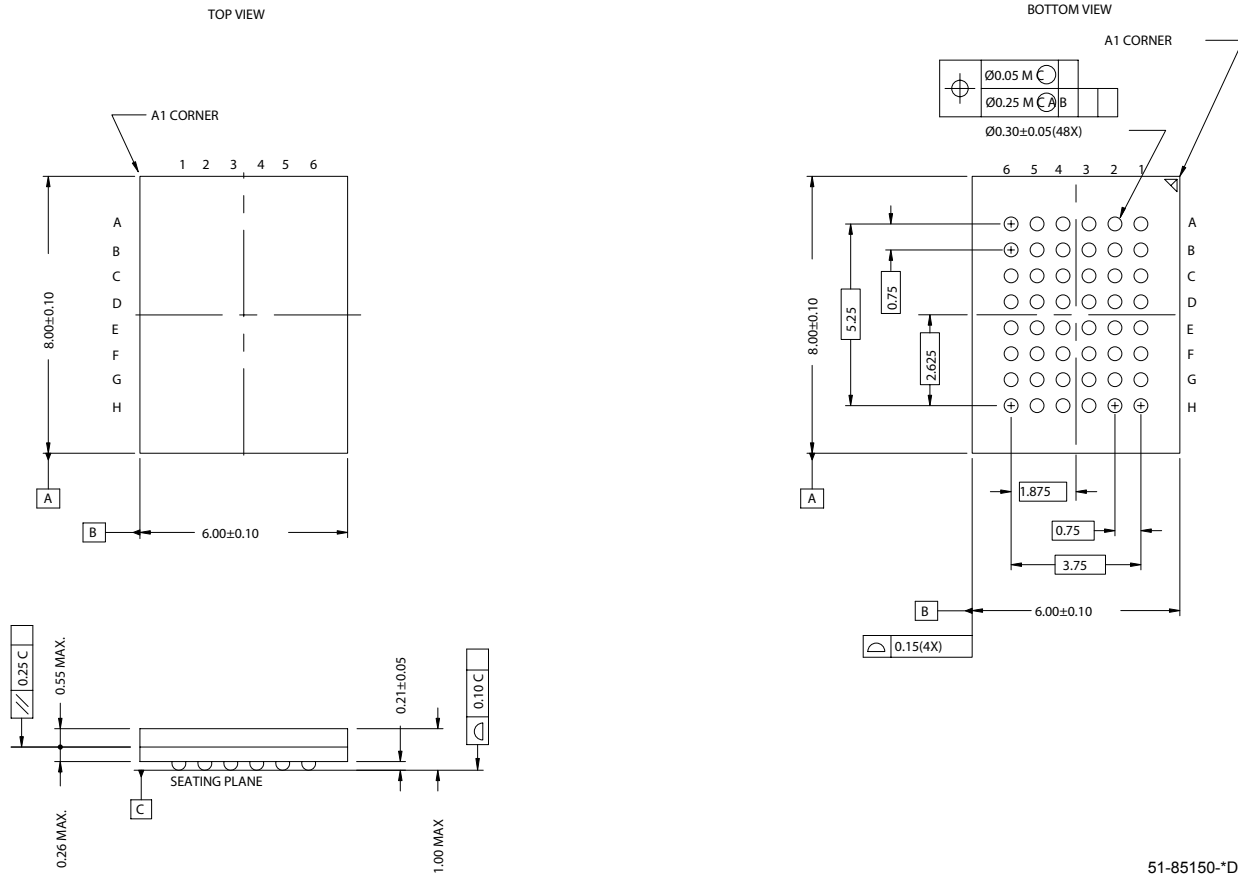
Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
45	CY62168EV30LL-45BVXI	51-85150	48-ball Fine Pitch BGA (Pb-free)	Industrial

Contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of these parts.



Package Diagrams

Figure 6. 48-Ball VFBGA (6 x 8 x 1 mm), 51-85150



51-85150-\*D

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**Document History Page**

Document Title: CY62168EV30 MoBL® 16-Mbit (2M x 8) Static RAM				
Document Number: 001-07721				
REV.	ECN NO.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	457686	See ECN	NXR	New Data Sheet
*A	464509	See ECN	NXR	Removed TSOP I package; Added reference to CY62167EV30 TSOP I package which can be used as a 2M x 8 SRAM Changed the I <sub>SB2(Typ)</sub> value from 1.3 μA to 1.5 μA Changed the I <sub>CC(Typ)</sub> value from 2 mA to 2.2 mA for f=1MHz Test condition Changed the I <sub>CC(Typ)</sub> value from 15 mA to 22 mA and I <sub>CC(Max)</sub> value from 40 mA to 25 mA for f=1MHz Test condition Changed the I <sub>CCDR(Max)</sub> value from 8.5 μA to 8 μA
*B	1138883	See ECN	VKN	Converted from preliminary to final Changed I <sub>CC(max)</sub> spec from 2.8 mA to 4.0 mA for f=1MHz Changed I <sub>CC(typ)</sub> spec from 22 mA to 25 mA for f=f <sub>max</sub> Changed I <sub>CC(max)</sub> spec from 25 mA to 30 mA for f=f <sub>max</sub> Added footnote# 8 related to I <sub>SB2</sub> and I <sub>CCDR</sub> Changed I <sub>SB1</sub> and I <sub>SB2</sub> spec from 8.5 μA to 12 μA Changed I <sub>CCDR</sub> spec from 8 μA to 10 μA